2014 Illinois Water Conference Tuesday, October 14, 2014 University of Illinois Urbana, IL



- Task Force began in late 1990s
- Integrated Assessment
- 2001 Action Plan 30% reduction target
- Reassessment / USEPA Science Advisory
  Panel
- 2008 Action Plan 45% reduction target

#### 3 Goals

- Coastal Goal reduce the five-year running average areal extend of the Gulf of Mexico hypoxic zone to less than 5,000 sq. kilometers by the year 2015
- Within Basin Goal restore and protect the waters of the 31 states and tribal lands within the Mississippi/Atchafalaya River Basin
- Quality of Life Goal improve the communities and economic conditions across the Mississippi/Atchafalaya River Basin

#### • Principals

- Encourage actions that are <u>voluntary, incentive-based</u>, <u>practical</u>, <u>and cost-effective</u>;
- Utilize <u>existing programs</u>, including existing state and federal regulatory mechanisms;
- Follow adaptive management;
- Identify additional funding needs and sources during the annual agency budget processes;
- Identify opportunities for, and potential barriers to, innovative and market-based solutions; and
- Provide measurable outcomes as outlined below in the three goals and eleven actions.

- Overall Basin
- Sub-Basin Groups
  - UMRESHNC
  - Ohio
  - Lower Mississippi
- State Level Plans
  - identified in 2008 Action Plan

#### March 16, 2011 "Stoner" Memo

- Provided framework for state nutrient (loss) reductions through 8 recommended elements:
  - 1. Watershed prioritization
  - 2. Watershed load reduction goals
  - 3. Effectiveness of point source permitting
  - 4. Agricultural practice targeting
  - 5. Storm water and septic systems
  - 6. Accountability and verification measures
  - 7. Annual public reporting
  - 8. N and P criteria development

- Policy work group made up of various stakeholders including
  - Wastewater treatment works representatives
  - Environmental advocate organizations
  - Agricultural organizations
  - State & federal government representatives
  - University of Illinois researchers
- Met monthly over a 12-month period beginning in the summer of 2013

- Science Assessment Dr. Mark David, et al.
  - Describes current conditions
  - Identifies critical watersheds
  - Identifies agricultural practices and nutrient losses by major land resource area (MLRA)
  - Lists possible point source reductions with resulting cost estimates
  - Outlines possible non-point source nutrient losses with cost estimates
  - Lists statewide scenarios with associated costs
  - Conclusions

- Three subcommittees with representatives from numerous interest groups –
  - Agricultural non-point sources
  - Urban point source
  - Urban non-point sources
  - Met various times to draft specific strategy chapters

#### • Agriculture Subcommittee

- Representatives from numerous interest groups
  - Agriculture
  - Environmental NGOs
  - Waste water organizations
  - State and federal government
  - University researchers
- Met three times as a subcommittee
- Provided comments on a draft agriculture chapter twice before the document was distributed to the entire policy work group

#### Goals and Milestones

• GOAL = 45% reduction in the annual loading of nitrate-nitrogen and phosphorus compared to 1980-1996 (baseline conditions)

#### Milestones

Nitrate-nitrogen

Phosphorus

15% by 2025

25% by 2025

